

福萊特玻璃集團股份有限公司
Flat Glass Group Co., Ltd.

(Incorporated in the Republic of China)
(stock code: 06865)

Articles of Association

(Revised on 16 April, 2021)

民國 110 年 4 月 16 日修正
民國 110 年 4 月 16 日修正
民國 110 年 4 月 16 日修正
民國 110 年 4 月 16 日修正

Articles of Association of Flat Glass Group Co., Ltd.

Chapter 1 General Provisions

Article 1 The name of the Company shall be Flat Glass Group Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "the Company").

The registered office of the Company shall be at No. 29 D, 2005, Hengshui Road, Wuxi City, Jiangsu Province, China.

The legal representative of the Company shall be the Chairman of the Board of Directors.

The Company shall have a share capital of RMB 100,000,000.

The Company shall have a registered office at No. 29 D, 2005, Hengshui Road, Wuxi City, Jiangsu Province, China.

The Company shall have a telephone number of 913300007044053729.

Article 2 The Company is a public company.

The Company is incorporated in the People's Republic of China.

The Company is a public company with a share capital of RMB 100,000,000.

Article 3 The Company was established in 1999, as a public company with a share capital of RMB 100,000,000.

The Company is registered with the State Administration of Market Regulation.

The Company's telephone number is (86573) 82793999.

The Company's fax number is (86573) 82793015.

Article 4 *[Faint, illegible text]*

Article 5 *[Faint, illegible text]*
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Article 6 *[Faint, illegible text]*

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Chapter 2 Objective and Scope of Business

Article 9

Article 10

Chapter 3 Shares and Registered Capital

Article 11

Article 12

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Article 13

Article 14

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H
A H H

Article 15 A 70,000,000 (),

H W 70 70,000,000

No.	Name of shareholder	Amount of capital contributed (RMB'000)	Percentage of contribution (%)	Contribution method	Date of contribution
1	H	24,500	35.0		D 2005
2		17,500	25.0		D 2005
3	H	17,500	25.0		D 2005
4		3,150	4.5		D 2005
5	W	2,100	3.0		D 2005
6		2,100	3.0		D 2005
7		1,050	1.5		D 2005
8	W	700	1.0		D 2005
9	H	700	1.0		D 2005
10		700	1.0		D 2005
Total	W	70,000	100	-	

Article 16 ... 2,146,893,254 ...
... 2,146,893,254 ...
1,696,893,254 ... (A ...), ... 79.04% ...
... 450,000,000 ... (H ...), ... 20.96% ...

Article 17 ... H- ...
... H- ...

Article 18 ...

A ... 15 ...

Article 19 ...

Article 20 ... 536,723,313.50. ... A ...

Article 21 ... A ...

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Article 22

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Article 23

W 5% 6 H 6 5% 6

W 30 W

Chapter 4 Capital Reduction and Repurchase of Shares

Article 24 公司減少資本時，除依本法規定外，並應遵守下列各款之規定：
 A. 資本總額之減少不得低於法定資本總額之百分之十；
 B. 資本總額之減少不得低於法定資本總額之百分之三十；
 C. 資本總額之減少不得低於法定資本總額之百分之九十；
 D. 資本總額之減少不得低於法定資本總額之百分之十。

Article 25 公司減少資本時，除依本法規定外，並應遵守下列各款之規定：
 A. 資本總額之減少不得低於法定資本總額之百分之十；
 B. 資本總額之減少不得低於法定資本總額之百分之三十；
 C. 資本總額之減少不得低於法定資本總額之百分之九十；
 D. 資本總額之減少不得低於法定資本總額之百分之十。

Article 26 公司減少資本時，除依本法規定外，並應遵守下列各款之規定：
 A. 資本總額之減少不得低於法定資本總額之百分之十；
 B. 資本總額之減少不得低於法定資本總額之百分之三十；
 C. 資本總額之減少不得低於法定資本總額之百分之九十；
 D. 資本總額之減少不得低於法定資本總額之百分之十。

- () W. 資本總額之減少不得低於法定資本總額之百分之十；
- () W. 資本總額之減少不得低於法定資本總額之百分之三十；
- () W. 資本總額之減少不得低於法定資本總額之百分之九十；
- (V) W. 資本總額之減少不得低於法定資本總額之百分之十；
- (V) W. 資本總額之減少不得低於法定資本總額之百分之三十；
- (V) W. 資本總額之減少不得低於法定資本總額之百分之九十；
- (V) W. 資本總額之減少不得低於法定資本總額之百分之十；

公司減少資本時，除依本法規定外，並應遵守下列各款之規定：

Article 27 公司減少資本時，除依本法規定外，並應遵守下列各款之規定：

- () W. 資本總額之減少不得低於法定資本總額之百分之十；
- () W. 資本總額之減少不得低於法定資本總額之百分之三十；

Article 30

- ()
- ()
- 1. D
- 2. D
- ()
- 1. A
- 2.
- 3.
- (V) A

Chapter 5 Financial Assistance to Acquire Shares of the Company

Article 31

Article 32

() $\bullet \frac{f}{A_1} \dot{f};$

() $\bullet \frac{f}{A_1} \dots (\dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots)$
 () $\dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots$

() $\dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots$

(V) $\dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots$

$\bullet \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots$
 () $\dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots$

Article 33

() $\dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots$

() $\dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots$

() $\dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots$

(V) $\dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots$

(V) $\dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots$
 () $\dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots$

(V) $\dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots$
 () $\dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots \frac{f}{A_1} \dots$

Chapter 6 Shares and Shareholders' Register

Article 34 A company shall not register as a shareholder any person who is not entitled to be registered as a shareholder in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

Article 35 A company shall not register as a shareholder any person who is not entitled to be registered as a shareholder in accordance with the provisions of this Act:

- () (a) he is not a natural person;
- () (b) he is a minor or a person of unsound mind;
- () (c) he is a body corporate;
- () (d) he is not a resident of the Republic of Kenya, unless he is a resident of Kenya for the purposes of the Income Tax Act, 1997;
- () (e) he is not a resident of Kenya for the purposes of the Income Tax Act, 1997, unless he is a resident of Kenya for the purposes of the Income Tax Act, 1997;
- () (f) he is not a resident of Kenya for the purposes of the Income Tax Act, 1997, unless he is a resident of Kenya for the purposes of the Income Tax Act, 1997.

Article 36 A company shall not register as a shareholder any person who is not entitled to be registered as a shareholder in accordance with the provisions of this Act, unless he is a resident of Kenya for the purposes of the Income Tax Act, 1997.

- () (a) he is not a natural person;
- () (b) he is a minor or a person of unsound mind;
- () (c) he is a body corporate;
- () (d) he is not a resident of the Republic of Kenya, unless he is a resident of Kenya for the purposes of the Income Tax Act, 1997;
- () (e) he is not a resident of Kenya for the purposes of the Income Tax Act, 1997, unless he is a resident of Kenya for the purposes of the Income Tax Act, 1997;
- () (f) he is not a resident of Kenya for the purposes of the Income Tax Act, 1997, unless he is a resident of Kenya for the purposes of the Income Tax Act, 1997.

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Article 40

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Article 41

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A. ...

(V) ...

(V) ...

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Article 43 ... 1 ...

... 25% ...

Article 44 ... 30 ...

W ...

Article 45 ...

Article 46 ... (...) ...

Article 47

1. The Government may, by order, make such provisions as it may think fit for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of this Act, and may, in particular, make such provisions as it may think fit for the purpose of—

(a) providing for the appointment, removal, suspension, and discipline of persons employed in the service of the Government, and for the payment of salaries, allowances, and other benefits to such persons;

(b) providing for the appointment, removal, suspension, and discipline of persons employed in the service of the Government, and for the payment of salaries, allowances, and other benefits to such persons;

(c) providing for the appointment, removal, suspension, and discipline of persons employed in the service of the Government, and for the payment of salaries, allowances, and other benefits to such persons.

(1) The Government may, by order, make such provisions as it may think fit for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of this Act, and may, in particular, make such provisions as it may think fit for the purpose of—

(a) providing for the appointment, removal, suspension, and discipline of persons employed in the service of the Government, and for the payment of salaries, allowances, and other benefits to such persons;

(b) providing for the appointment, removal, suspension, and discipline of persons employed in the service of the Government, and for the payment of salaries, allowances, and other benefits to such persons; 30

(c) providing for the appointment, removal, suspension, and discipline of persons employed in the service of the Government, and for the payment of salaries, allowances, and other benefits to such persons; 90

(d) providing for the appointment, removal, suspension, and discipline of persons employed in the service of the Government, and for the payment of salaries, allowances, and other benefits to such persons.

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() A

() W A

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Article 48 A
A ()
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Article 49

Chapter 7 Rights and Obligations of Shareholders

Article 50 ()

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(V) A $\mathbb{K}[X]$ -homomorphism $f: \mathbb{K}[X] \rightarrow \mathbb{K}[X]$ is defined by $f(X) = X^2 + 1$.
 (1) Determine the kernel of f .
 (2) Determine the image of f .

Article 51 Let $f: \mathbb{K}[X] \rightarrow \mathbb{K}[X]$ be a $\mathbb{K}[X]$ -homomorphism defined by $f(X) = X^2 + 1$.

(1) Determine the kernel of f .

(2) Determine the image of f .

(3) Determine the image of f .

(V) Let $f: \mathbb{K}[X] \rightarrow \mathbb{K}[X]$ be a $\mathbb{K}[X]$ -homomorphism defined by $f(X) = X^2 + 1$.
 (1) Determine the kernel of f .

(V) Let $f: \mathbb{K}[X] \rightarrow \mathbb{K}[X]$ be a $\mathbb{K}[X]$ -homomorphism defined by $f(X) = X^2 + 1$.
 (1) Determine the kernel of f .

1. Determine the kernel of f .

2. Determine the image of f .

(1) Determine the kernel of f .

(2) Determine the image of f .

(1) Determine the kernel of f .

(2) Determine the image of f .

(3) Determine the image of f .

(4) Determine the image of f .

(5) Determine the image of f .

Article 53

() $A \cdot \frac{f}{A}$

() $\frac{f}{A} \cdot A$

() $\frac{f}{A} \cdot A$

(V) $\frac{f}{A} \cdot A$

$A \cdot \frac{f}{A}$

$\frac{f}{A} \cdot A$

(V) $\frac{f}{A} \cdot A$

$A \cdot \frac{f}{A}$

Article 54

Article 55

Article 56

- ()
- () A
- () A

Article 57

- () W
- () W 30%
- () W 30%
- (V) W

Chapter 8 General Meetings

Article 58

At the first meeting of the corporation after its incorporation, the incorporators shall elect a president, a vice president, and a secretary, and shall also elect a treasurer if there is more than one incorporator.

Article 59

All officers and directors shall hold office until their successors are chosen.

() The officers and directors shall hold office until their successors are chosen.

() The officers and directors shall hold office until their successors are chosen.

() The officers and directors shall hold office until their successors are chosen.

The officers and directors shall hold office until their successors are chosen.

The officers and directors shall hold office until their successors are chosen.

The officers and directors shall hold office until their successors are chosen.

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(XV) ... & ... A ... 26 ... A ...

(XX) ... A ...

(XX) ...

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Article 60 ...

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() A ...

(V) A ... 30% ...

(V) A ... 50% ... 50 ...

(V) A ...

Article 61 ...

Article 63

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Article 64

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- (V) W
- (V) ff
- (V) ff
- (V) ff
- (V) ff
- (X)

W

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Article 70 A

Article 71 A

Article 72 A

... 5 ... () ... ()

... 10 ...

Article 74

() ... 10% ... 10 ...

() ... 5 ...

() ... 10 ... 10% ...

(V) ... 5 ... 10% ... 90 ...

W

Article 75

3%

W

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3%

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10

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A 76

Article 76

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A

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Article 77

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Article 78

W... A... () ...

W... A... ff ...

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W... ff ...

... f ...

Article 79

W... f ...

... 10% ...

W... ff ...

Article 80

W... f ...

Article 81

- ()
- () A
- () 10%

II

Article 82

Article 83

Article 84

- () 3%
- () 1%
- () 3%

(V) $W_{10}(\cdot)$ is a W_{10} -invariant function on \mathbb{R}^n satisfying $W_{10}(x) = 1$ for $|x| \leq 1$ and $W_{10}(x) = 0$ for $|x| \geq 10$.

(V) $W_{10}(\cdot)$ is a W_{10} -invariant function on \mathbb{R}^n satisfying $W_{10}(x) = 1$ for $|x| \leq 1$ and $W_{10}(x) = 0$ for $|x| \geq 10$.

Let f be a function on \mathbb{R}^n satisfying $f(x) = 0$ for $|x| \geq 10$. Then f is a function on \mathbb{R}^n satisfying $f(x) = 0$ for $|x| \geq 10$.

$W_{10}(\cdot)$ is a W_{10} -invariant function on \mathbb{R}^n satisfying $W_{10}(x) = 1$ for $|x| \leq 1$ and $W_{10}(x) = 0$ for $|x| \geq 10$. A is a function on \mathbb{R}^n satisfying $A(x) = 0$ for $|x| \geq 10$. $W_{10}(\cdot)$ is a W_{10} -invariant function on \mathbb{R}^n satisfying $W_{10}(x) = 1$ for $|x| \leq 1$ and $W_{10}(x) = 0$ for $|x| \geq 10$.

Let f be a function on \mathbb{R}^n satisfying $f(x) = 0$ for $|x| \geq 10$. Then f is a function on \mathbb{R}^n satisfying $f(x) = 0$ for $|x| \geq 10$.

Let f be a function on \mathbb{R}^n satisfying $f(x) = 0$ for $|x| \geq 10$. Then f is a function on \mathbb{R}^n satisfying $f(x) = 0$ for $|x| \geq 10$. $W_{10}(\cdot)$ is a W_{10} -invariant function on \mathbb{R}^n satisfying $W_{10}(x) = 1$ for $|x| \leq 1$ and $W_{10}(x) = 0$ for $|x| \geq 10$.

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- () W 30%
- () ●

Article 89

W

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W

Article 90

H

Article 91

Article 92 *f*

f

Article 93 *f*

Article 94 *f*

Article 95 *W*

Article 96 *W*

Article 97 *W*

Chapter 9 Special Procedures for Voting by Class Shareholders

Article 98 *H*

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Article 99

Article 100

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- (X)
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Article 101

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Article 105 A

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Chapter 10 Board of Directors

Article 106

& A A

Article 107

D

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A W A W

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Article 108

A

Article 109

1. f is a function from A to B . f^{-1} is the inverse function of f . $f \circ f^{-1}$ is the identity function on B . $f^{-1} \circ f$ is the identity function on A .

() $f \circ f^{-1} = I_B$ and $f^{-1} \circ f = I_A$.

() $f \circ f^{-1} = I_A$ and $f^{-1} \circ f = I_B$.

() $f \circ f^{-1} = I_B$ and $f^{-1} \circ f = I_B$.

(\checkmark) $f \circ f^{-1} = I_B$ and $f^{-1} \circ f = I_A$.

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(\checkmark) $f \circ f^{-1} = I_B$ and $f^{-1} \circ f = I_A$.

(\checkmark) $f \circ f^{-1} = I_A$ and $f^{-1} \circ f = I_B$.

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(X) $f \circ f^{-1} = I_A$ and $f^{-1} \circ f = I_A$.

(X) $f \circ f^{-1} = I_B$ and $f^{-1} \circ f = I_B$.

(X) $f \circ f^{-1} = I_A$ and $f^{-1} \circ f = I_B$.

(X) $f \circ f^{-1} = I_B$ and $f^{-1} \circ f = I_A$.

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(X \checkmark) $f \circ f^{-1} = I_B$ and $f^{-1} \circ f = I_B$.

(X \checkmark) $f \circ f^{-1} = I_A$ and $f^{-1} \circ f = I_A$.

(X \checkmark) $f \circ f^{-1} = I_B$ and $f^{-1} \circ f = I_B$.

(X \checkmark) $f \circ f^{-1} = I_A$ and $f^{-1} \circ f = I_A$.

(X_V) ... $f_{A_1} \dots f_{A_n}$...

(XX) ... $f_{A_1} \dots f_{A_n}$...

(XX) ... $f_{A_1} \dots f_{A_n}$...

(XX) ... $f_{A_1} \dots f_{A_n}$...

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(XX) ... $f_{A_1} \dots f_{A_n}$... $A_1 \dots A_n$...

(XX_V) ... $f_{A_1} \dots f_{A_n}$... $A_1 \dots A_n$...

(XX_V) ... $f_{A_1} \dots f_{A_n}$... $A_1 \dots A_n$...

(XX_V) ... $f_{A_1} \dots f_{A_n}$... $A_1 \dots A_n$...

... $f_{A_1} \dots f_{A_n}$... (\dots) , (\dots) ...

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Article 110 ... $f_{A_1} \dots f_{A_n}$... $A_1 \dots A_n$...

Article 111 ... $f_{A_1} \dots f_{A_n}$... $A_1 \dots A_n$...

Article 112

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Article 113

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Article 114

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Article 115

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Article 116

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Article 117 ...

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Article 118 ... 14 ...

A. ...

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A. ...

Article 119

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A

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Article 120

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Article 121

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Article 122

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(V) A

(1) A

(2) A

(V)

Article 123

Chapter 11 Secretary to the Board of Directors

Article 124 The Secretary to the Board of Directors shall be appointed by the Board of Directors and shall hold office until the next annual meeting of the Board of Directors, unless he or she is removed by a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Article 125 The Secretary to the Board of Directors shall be responsible for the following duties:

- () The Secretary shall maintain the minutes of all meetings of the Board of Directors and shall cause the same to be read at each meeting.
- () The Secretary shall prepare and maintain the corporate records of the Company, including the minutes of all meetings of the Board of Directors and the records of all actions taken by the Board of Directors.
- () The Secretary shall be responsible for the preparation and filing of all reports and documents required by law to be filed with the appropriate state or federal authorities.

Article 126 A Secretary to the Board of Directors shall be appointed by the Board of Directors. A Secretary to the Board of Directors shall be responsible for the following duties:

The Secretary shall be responsible for the preparation and filing of all reports and documents required by law to be filed with the appropriate state or federal authorities.

Chapter 12 General Manager of the Company

Article 127 The General Manager of the Company shall be appointed by the Board of Directors and shall hold office until the next annual meeting of the Board of Directors, unless he or she is removed by a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Article 128 The General Manager of the Company shall be responsible for the following duties:

- () The General Manager shall be responsible for the overall management and operation of the Company.
- () The General Manager shall be responsible for the preparation and filing of all reports and documents required by law to be filed with the appropriate state or federal authorities.
- () The General Manager shall be responsible for the preparation and filing of all reports and documents required by law to be filed with the appropriate state or federal authorities.
- () The General Manager shall be responsible for the preparation and filing of all reports and documents required by law to be filed with the appropriate state or federal authorities.

(V) ...

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(V) ...

(V) ...

(X) ...

(X) ...

(X) ...

Article 129 ...

Article 130 ...

Chapter 13 Board of Supervisors

Article 131 ...

Article 132 ...

Article 133 ...

Article 134 ...

Article 134

Article 135

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Article 136

Article 137

Article 138

Article 139

Chapter 14 Qualifications and Duties of Directors, Supervisors, General Manager and Other Senior Management of the Company

Article 140

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() A... 5%... 5...

(V) A... ;

(V) A... ;

(V) A... ;

(V) A... ;

Article 142 ...

Article 143 ...

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(V) ... ;

Article 144 ...

Article 145

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X) \mathbb{R}^n 上的向量空间，其基底为 e_1, e_2, \dots, e_n ，定义内积 $(x, y) = x_1 y_1 + x_2 y_2 + \dots + x_n y_n$ ， $x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$ ， $y = (y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n)$ 。求下列向量的正交补空间 A^\perp 的基底。

- $A = \text{span}\{e_1, e_2, \dots, e_{n-1}\}$ ；
- $A = \text{span}\{e_1 + e_2, e_2 + e_3, \dots, e_{n-1} + e_n\}$ ；
- $A = \text{span}\{e_1 + e_2 + \dots + e_n, e_1 - e_2, e_2 - e_3, \dots, e_{n-1} - e_n\}$ 。

● \mathbb{R}^n 上的向量空间，其基底为 e_1, e_2, \dots, e_n ，定义内积 $(x, y) = x_1 y_1 + x_2 y_2 + \dots + x_n y_n$ ， $x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$ ， $y = (y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n)$ 。求下列向量的正交补空间 A^\perp 的基底。

Article 146 D_n 上的向量空间，其基底为 e_1, e_2, \dots, e_n ，定义内积 $(x, y) = x_1 y_1 + x_2 y_2 + \dots + x_n y_n$ ， $x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$ ， $y = (y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n)$ 。求下列向量的正交补空间 A^\perp 的基底。

- () $A = \text{span}\{e_1, e_2, \dots, e_{n-1}\}$ ；
- () $A = \text{span}\{e_1 + e_2, e_2 + e_3, \dots, e_{n-1} + e_n\}$ ；
- () $A = \text{span}\{e_1 + e_2 + \dots + e_n, e_1 - e_2, e_2 - e_3, \dots, e_{n-1} - e_n\}$ ；
- (\checkmark) $A = \text{span}\{e_1, e_2, \dots, e_{n-1}, e_n\}$ ， $A^\perp = \{0\}$ ；
- () $A = \text{span}\{e_1 + e_2, e_2 + e_3, \dots, e_{n-1} + e_n, e_n\}$ ；
- (\checkmark) D_n 上的向量空间，其基底为 e_1, e_2, \dots, e_n ，定义内积 $(x, y) = x_1 y_1 + x_2 y_2 + \dots + x_n y_n$ ， $x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$ ， $y = (y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n)$ 。求下列向量的正交补空间 A^\perp 的基底。

Article 147 D_n 上的向量空间，其基底为 e_1, e_2, \dots, e_n ，定义内积 $(x, y) = x_1 y_1 + x_2 y_2 + \dots + x_n y_n$ ， $x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$ ， $y = (y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n)$ 。求下列向量的正交补空间 A^\perp 的基底。

Article 148

Article 148 of the Constitution of India states that the President shall have the power to grant pardons, reprieves, respites or remissions of punishment, or to suspend, remit or commute the sentence of any person convicted of any offence.

Article 149

Article 149 of the Constitution of India states that the President shall have the power to appoint and dismiss the judges of the Supreme Court and the High Courts.

Article 150

Article 150 of the Constitution of India states that the President shall have the power to grant pardons, reprieves, respites or remissions of punishment, or to suspend, remit or commute the sentence of any person convicted of any offence.

Article 151

Article 151 of the Constitution of India states that the President shall have the power to grant pardons, reprieves, respites or remissions of punishment, or to suspend, remit or commute the sentence of any person convicted of any offence.

Article 152

Article 152 of the Constitution of India states that the President shall have the power to grant pardons, reprieves, respites or remissions of punishment, or to suspend, remit or commute the sentence of any person convicted of any offence.

Article 150

Article 150 of the Constitution of India states that the President shall have the power to grant pardons, reprieves, respites or remissions of punishment, or to suspend, remit or commute the sentence of any person convicted of any offence.

Article 151

Article 151 of the Constitution of India states that the President shall have the power to grant pardons, reprieves, respites or remissions of punishment, or to suspend, remit or commute the sentence of any person convicted of any offence.

Article 152

Article 152 of the Constitution of India states that the President shall have the power to grant pardons, reprieves, respites or remissions of punishment, or to suspend, remit or commute the sentence of any person convicted of any offence.

Article 152

Article 152 of the Constitution of India states that the President shall have the power to grant pardons, reprieves, respites or remissions of punishment, or to suspend, remit or commute the sentence of any person convicted of any offence.

Article 152

Article 152 of the Constitution of India states that the President shall have the power to grant pardons, reprieves, respites or remissions of punishment, or to suspend, remit or commute the sentence of any person convicted of any offence.

- () $\int_0^1 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{3}$ $\int_0^1 x^3 dx = \frac{1}{4}$ $\int_0^1 x^4 dx = \frac{1}{5}$ $\int_0^1 x^5 dx = \frac{1}{6}$ $\int_0^1 x^6 dx = \frac{1}{7}$ $\int_0^1 x^7 dx = \frac{1}{8}$ $\int_0^1 x^8 dx = \frac{1}{9}$ $\int_0^1 x^9 dx = \frac{1}{10}$

Article 158

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Chapter 15 Financial Accounting System and Profit Distribution

Article 159

Article 160

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Article 161

Article 162

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Article 163

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Article 164

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Article 165

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Article 166

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Article 167

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Article 168

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Article 169

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Article 170

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Article 171

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(V) $\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2}$

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Article 172

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Article 173

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Article 174

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12. The following are the particulars of the business of the firm for the year ended 31st March 2019:

- (i) Drawings of the partners during the year Rs. 12,000;
- (ii) Interest on capital of the partners Rs. 12,000;

Chapter 16 Appointment of Accounting Firm

Article 175 The following are the particulars of the business of the firm for the year ended 31st March 2019:

The following are the particulars of the business of the firm for the year ended 31st March 2019:

The following are the particulars of the business of the firm for the year ended 31st March 2019:

Article 176 The following are the particulars of the business of the firm for the year ended 31st March 2019:

Article 177 The following are the particulars of the business of the firm for the year ended 31st March 2019:

- (i) Drawings of the partners during the year Rs. 12,000;
- (ii) Interest on capital of the partners Rs. 12,000;
- (iii) Interest on drawings of the partners Rs. 12,000;

Article 178 The following are the particulars of the business of the firm for the year ended 31st March 2019:

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Article 182

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1. A
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Article 184

W... 10... 30... 45... 30... H...

Article 185

W... 10... 30... H...

Article 186

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Chapter 18 Dissolution and Liquidation of the Company

Article 187

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- () ...;
- () W...;
- (V) ...;
- (V) ...;

1. $\frac{d}{dx} \sin x = \cos x$; $\frac{d}{dx} \cos x = -\sin x$; $\frac{d}{dx} \tan x = \sec^2 x$; $\frac{d}{dx} \cot x = -\operatorname{cosec}^2 x$; $\frac{d}{dx} \sec x = \sec x \tan x$; $\frac{d}{dx} \operatorname{cosec} x = -\operatorname{cosec} x \cot x$.

2. $\frac{d}{dx} \sin^{-1} x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$; $\frac{d}{dx} \cos^{-1} x = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$; $\frac{d}{dx} \tan^{-1} x = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$; $\frac{d}{dx} \cot^{-1} x = \frac{-1}{1+x^2}$; $\frac{d}{dx} \sec^{-1} x = \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x^2-1}}$; $\frac{d}{dx} \operatorname{cosec}^{-1} x = \frac{-1}{x\sqrt{x^2-1}}$.

Article 192 Diferensial kedua dari suatu fungsi $y = f(x)$ adalah turunan pertama dari diferensial pertama dari $y = f(x)$.

(1) Diferensial kedua dari $y = f(x)$ adalah $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2}$ atau $f''(x)$.

(2) Diferensial kedua dari $y = f(x)$ adalah $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2}$ atau $f''(x)$.

(3) Diferensial kedua dari $y = f(x)$ adalah $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2}$ atau $f''(x)$.

(4) $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = f''(x)$.

(5) $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = f''(x)$.

(6) $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = f''(x)$.

(7) $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = f''(x)$.

Article 193 A function $y = f(x)$ is said to be a function of x if it can be expressed in the form $y = f(x)$ where f is a function of x . The function $y = f(x)$ is said to be a function of x if it can be expressed in the form $y = f(x)$ where f is a function of x .

The function $y = f(x)$ is said to be a function of x if it can be expressed in the form $y = f(x)$ where f is a function of x .

The function $y = f(x)$ is said to be a function of x if it can be expressed in the form $y = f(x)$ where f is a function of x .

Diferensial kedua dari suatu fungsi $y = f(x)$ adalah turunan pertama dari diferensial pertama dari $y = f(x)$.

Article 194 Diferensial kedua dari suatu fungsi $y = f(x)$ adalah turunan pertama dari diferensial pertama dari $y = f(x)$.

Diferensial kedua dari suatu fungsi $y = f(x)$ adalah turunan pertama dari diferensial pertama dari $y = f(x)$.

Article 195 A-f

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Article 196 W

Article 197 W

Chapter 19 Procedures for Amendment of the Articles of Association

Article 198 A-f

Article 199 A-f

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() A-f

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Article 200 A-f

() A-f

() A-f

() \mathbb{R}^n 上的线性映射 f 的核 $\ker f$ 是 \mathbb{R}^n 的子空间。

设 $f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$ 是线性映射， $A = (a_{ij})$ 是 f 的矩阵表示。则 $f(x) = Ax$ 。核 $\ker f$ 是 \mathbb{R}^n 中满足 $Ax = 0$ 的向量 x 的集合。

Article 201 设 $f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$ 是线性映射， $A = (a_{ij})$ 是 f 的矩阵表示。则 $f(x) = Ax$ 。核 $\ker f$ 是 \mathbb{R}^n 中满足 $Ax = 0$ 的向量 x 的集合。值域 $\text{Im} f$ 是 \mathbb{R}^m 中满足 $y = Ax$ 的向量 y 的集合。

Chapter 20 Notices

Article 202 设 $f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$ 是线性映射， $A = (a_{ij})$ 是 f 的矩阵表示。则 $f(x) = Ax$ 。核 $\ker f$ 是 \mathbb{R}^n 中满足 $Ax = 0$ 的向量 x 的集合。值域 $\text{Im} f$ 是 \mathbb{R}^m 中满足 $y = Ax$ 的向量 y 的集合。

() \mathbb{R}^n 上的线性映射 f 的核 $\ker f$ 是 \mathbb{R}^n 的子空间。

() \mathbb{R}^n 上的线性映射 f 的核 $\ker f$ 是 \mathbb{R}^n 的子空间。

() \mathbb{R}^n 上的线性映射 f 的核 $\ker f$ 是 \mathbb{R}^n 的子空间。

() \mathbb{R}^n 上的线性映射 f 的核 $\ker f$ 是 \mathbb{R}^n 的子空间。值域 $\text{Im} f$ 是 \mathbb{R}^m 的子空间。核 $\ker f$ 和值域 $\text{Im} f$ 的维数之和等于 n 。

() \mathbb{R}^n 上的线性映射 f 的核 $\ker f$ 是 \mathbb{R}^n 的子空间。

() \mathbb{R}^n 上的线性映射 f 的核 $\ker f$ 是 \mathbb{R}^n 的子空间。值域 $\text{Im} f$ 是 \mathbb{R}^m 的子空间。核 $\ker f$ 和值域 $\text{Im} f$ 的维数之和等于 n 。

设 $f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$ 是线性映射， $A = (a_{ij})$ 是 f 的矩阵表示。则 $f(x) = Ax$ 。核 $\ker f$ 是 \mathbb{R}^n 中满足 $Ax = 0$ 的向量 x 的集合。值域 $\text{Im} f$ 是 \mathbb{R}^m 中满足 $y = Ax$ 的向量 y 的集合。

() \mathbb{R}^n 上的线性映射 f 的核 $\ker f$ 是 \mathbb{R}^n 的子空间。值域 $\text{Im} f$ 是 \mathbb{R}^m 的子空间。核 $\ker f$ 和值域 $\text{Im} f$ 的维数之和等于 n 。

Article 203

1. The State shall ensure that the minimum wage is not less than the minimum subsistence wage. The minimum wage shall be determined by the State based on the minimum subsistence wage, the cost of living, and the productivity of the economy. (The State shall ensure that the minimum wage is not less than the minimum subsistence wage.)

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Chapter 22 Supplementary Provisions

Article 206

Article 207

Article 208

Article 209

Article 210

Article 211